# U.S. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY DEPARTMENT-WIDE FUNCTIONAL AREA QUALIFICATION STANDARD

# RADIATION PROTECTION QUALIFICATION STANDARD COMPETENCIES

Defense Nuclear Facilities Technical Personnel

U.S. Department of Energy Washington, D.C. 20585

**REVISION 1** 

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#### 1. GENERAL TECHNICAL

- NOTE: 1: When Department of Energy (DOE) directives are referenced in the Qualification Standard, the most recent revision should be used.
- 1.1 Radiation protection personnel shall demonstrate a working level knowledge of the various types of radiation and how they interact with matter.

- a. Describe each of the following forms of radiation in terms of structure, mass, origin, and electrostatic charge:
  - Alpha
  - Beta
  - Neutron
  - Gamma
  - X-ray
- b. Describe the interactions of the following with matter:
  - Charged particle interactions
    - Alpha particle
    - Beta particle (Positron annihilation and Bremsstrahlung)
  - Neutron interaction
    - Elastic scattering
    - Inelastic scattering
    - Fission
    - Capture, absorption, or activation
  - Photon interactions
    - Photoelectric effect
    - Compton scattering
    - Pair production
- c. Discuss the shielding materials used for each of the above types of radiation and explain which are the best materials based on the interactions of radiation with matter.
- d. Define "range" and describe the range energy relations of charged particles including:
  - Factors that affect the range of charged particles
  - Relative range of alpha and beta in air and tissue
- e. Describe the attenuation of gamma and neutron radiation in shielding materials including:
  - Exponential attenuation
  - Build-up
- f. Discuss radiation field characteristics for point, line, plane, and volume distributed sources.
- g. Describe the following particle ejection nuclear reactions and provide an example

#### of each:

- Alpha, n
- Gamma, n
- n, Alpha
- 1.2 Radiation protection personnel shall demonstrate a working level knowledge of radioactivity and transformation mechanisms.

#### Supporting Knowledge and/or Skills

- a. Define the following terms:
  - Activity
  - Radioactive decay constant
  - Curie/becquerel
  - Radioactive half-life
  - Radioactive equilibrium
  - Decay products
  - Parent nuclide
  - Activation
  - Specific activity
  - Naturally Occurring Radioactive Material (NORM)
  - Secular equilibrium
  - Transient equilibrium
- b. Describe the following processes including any resulting product of decay:
  - Alpha decay
  - Beta-minus decay
  - Beta-plus decay
  - Electron capture
  - Isomeric transition
  - Internal conversion
  - X-ray generation
- c. Given the "Chart of the Nuclides," trace the decay chain for a specified nuclide.
- d. Given either the half-life or the radioactive decay constant, solve radioactive decay problems.
- e. Using the specific activity or decay constant of an isotope, convert between mass quantities and curies.
- f. Convert numerical amounts of radioactivity between curie, becquerel, and dpm.
- 1.3 Radiation protection personnel shall demonstrate a working level knowledge of principles and concepts for internal and external dosimetry.

- a. Define the following terms:
  - Dose equivalent
    - Shallow dose equivalent
    - Deep dose equivalent
    - Effective dose equivalent

- Committed dose equivalent
- Committed effective dose equivalent
- Total effective dose equivalent
- Whole body
- Extremity
- Lens of the eye dose equivalent
- Derived air concentrations (DAC)
- Annual limit of intake (ALI)
- Quality factor
- Weighting factor
- Roentgen
- Rad
- Rem
- Sievert
- Gray
- Stochastic effects
- Nonstochastic (deterministic) effects
- b. Describe the various types of bioassays, their applications and limitations.
- c. Discuss the methods of reducing dose from internally deposited radionuclides.
- d. Discuss the process used to evaluate dose based on bioassay results.
- e. Describe the principle of operation, proper use, placement, function, and type of radiation detected by the following dose-measuring instruments:
  - Thermoluminescent dosimeter, including Albedo dosimeter
  - Pocket dosimeter (quartz fiber and electronic)
  - Film badge
  - Personnel nuclear accident dosimeter
- f. Discuss the concepts of International Commission on Radiological Protection (ICRP) Publications 26 and 30 as they relate to internal and external dosimetry.
- g. Discuss various methods used to estimate worker exposure in the absence of individual monitoring results.
- h. Given airborne radioactivity concentration, DAC value and worker occupancy time, evaluate resulting worker dose.

# 1.4 Radiation protection personnel shall demonstrate a working level knowledge of the biological effects of radiation.

- a. Describe the effects of radiation exposure on the cellular level including:
  - Direct effects
  - Indirect effects
- b. Describe the factors affecting radiation sensitivity of cells (i.e., The Law of Bergonie and Tribondeau).
- c. Describe the acute effects and corresponding doses associated with the following:
  - Blood changes

- Hemopoietic syndrome
- Gastrointestinal syndrome
- Central nervous system syndrome
- d. Discuss delayed effects of radiation exposure including:
  - Cancer induction
  - Genetic effects
  - Prenatal developmental effects
  - Cataracts
- e. Discuss how the Linear Non-threshold Theory is used in developing risk estimates and dose limits associated with exposure to radiation. (The use of International Commission on Radiological Protection (ICRP) Publications 26 and 60 or National Council on Radiation Protection and Measurements (NCRP) Report No. 116 may be helpful).
- 1.5 Radiation Protection personnel shall demonstrate a working level knowledge of the principles and use of radiological instrumentation and radiological monitoring/survey practices.

- a. Describe the principle of operation of gas-filled detectors.
- b. Discuss the following for gas-filled detectors:
  - Voltage-response curve (i.e., six region curve)
  - The three regions useful for radiation detection and measurement
  - The sequence of events that occur following an initial ionizing event in an Ionization Chamber, a Proportional Counter and a Geiger-Mueller Detector
- c. Describe the principles of operation of scintillation and solid state detectors.
- d. Describe the principle of operation and application of nuclear spectroscopy
- e. Discuss the purpose, principles of detection and operation, and field application of the following:
  - Continuous air monitors (CAM)
  - Airborne radioactivity samplers
  - Area radiation monitors (ARM)
  - Criticality detection/alarm systems
  - Personnel contamination monitors
  - Process radiation monitors
- f. Discuss the basic elements and applicable standards of a radiological instrument calibration program, including the following:
  - Calibration source selection and traceability
  - Source check and calibration frequency
  - Instrument energy dependance
- g. Discuss the following concepts as they relate to radiological counting measurements:
  - Background

- Lower limit of detection
- Minimum detectable activity
- Counting efficiency
- Counting uncertainties
- h. Describe various radiological situations and the use of appropriate radiological surveys including: radiation, contamination, and airborne radioactivity surveys.
- 1.6 Radiation protection personnel shall demonstrate a working level knowledge of internal and external radiation protection principles and control techniques.

- a. Discuss the implication of the following on the identification of hazards associated with radiological work activities and how it might affect the controls specified on a Radiation Work Permit (RWP):
  - Location of the work (i.e., in a radiation, contaminated, or airborne area)
  - System being worked on (i.e., fluid under pressure, hazardous or radioactive)
  - Nature of the work activity (inspection, opening system, etc.)
- b. Discuss special exposure control, survey and personnel monitoring techniques associated with work in the following areas or situations:
  - Non-uniform radiation fields
  - High radiation areas
  - Contact work with radioactive materials/sources
- c. Discuss the hierarchy of controls used to prevent uptakes of radioactive material by personnel, and potential worker hazards associated with implementation of these controls.
- d. For a radiological incident (i.e., spill, loss of containment), discuss the potential and magnitude of the following:
  - Loose surface contamination levels
  - Airborne radioactivity levels
- e. Discuss appropriate personal protective equipment (including respiratory protection) for subsequent entry into and decontamination of the above area.
- f. Using reference material and given the activity, calculate radiation levels from a point, line, and plane source.
- g. Given buildup factors and half value layers, perform shielding calculations.
- 1.7 Radiation protection personnel shall demonstrate a working level knowledge of aslow-as-reasonably-achievable (ALARA) principles, and their application to radiological work activities.

- a. Describe the various components of an effective ALARA program including operations, engineering, and management controls.
- b. Describe how optimization techniques, including cost-benefit analysis, are used in

- the ALARA process.
- Discuss the essential elements of the job planning process and the post-job ALARA review for work performed in a radiation or radioactive contamination area.
- d. Describe the various radiological performance indicators that are applicable to the ALARA process.
- e. Calculate person-rem estimates and use the results in ALARA cost-benefit analysis.
- f. Discuss methods to minimize Total Effective Dose Equivalent (TEDE) by evaluating the trade-offs in considering the internal and external dose components.
- g. Using knowledge of ALARA principles, discuss how to perform an evaluation of a radiation job plan and the associated worker job performance.
- 1.8 Radiation protection personnel shall demonstrate a working level knowledge of the application of engineered radiological controls and facility design, including containment/confinement systems.

- a. Discuss the general principles relating to the design and installation of radiation protection containment/confinement systems including the following radiological protection considerations:
  - Layout design for nuclear facilities
  - Design and selection of components for nuclear facilities
  - Selection of materials and the associated surfaces for components used in radiological control areas
  - Design, construction, and operation of containment/confinement systems to minimize internal radiation exposure including:
    - Engineered ventilation
    - Engineered containment
    - Hot cells
    - Radioactive liquid and solid waste processing facilities
  - Design, construction, and operation of systems that minimize personnel external radiation exposure including:
    - Shielding
    - Interlock systems
- b. Discuss the design and application of temporary engineered radiological controls.
- 1.9 Radiation protection personnel shall demonstrate a familiarity level knowledge of radiological hazards associated with the following:
  - Plutonium operations
  - Uranium operations
  - Tritium operations
  - Nuclear explosive operations
  - Production/experimental reactors

- Accelerator operations
- Waste handling/processing operations
- Decontamination and decommissioning
- Use of radiation generating devices
- Environmental restoration activities

- a. Discuss the basic function and work activities associated with the above list.
- b. Discuss fundamental characteristics of the major radiological hazards at the above listed activities. This could include discussion of:
  - Mode of decay
  - Source
  - Energies of major radiations emitted
  - Relative principle biological hazard
  - Half-life
- c. Discuss unique radiological exposure control techniques associated with the above listed activities.

#### 2. **REGULATORY**

- NOTE 1: When Department of Energy (DOE) directives are referenced in the Qualification Standard, the most recent revision should be used.
- NOTE 2: Many of the documents referenced in this Section can be obtained via the DOE ES&H home page (http://www.eh.doe.gov) or via the Worker Protection Programs and Hazards Management home page (http://www.eh.doe.gov/wpphm).
- 2.1 Radiation protection personnel shall demonstrate a expert level knowledge of the Department of Energy (DOE) radiation protection system for occupational workers as set forth in the following policy, requirements and guidance documents:
  - 10 CFR 835, Occupational Radiation Protection
  - Implementation Guidance for use with 10 CFR 835, Occupational Radiation Protection
  - DOE P 441.1, Department of Energy Radiological Health and Safety Policy
  - DOE N 441.2, Radiological Protection for DOE Activities

- a. Discuss the relationship of the above documents in defining the DOE system of radiation protection.
- b. Give examples of how DOE P 441.1, Department of Energy Radiological Health and Safety Policy is reflected in requirements and guidance.
- c. Explain how the 10 CFR 835 Implementation Guides are used to develop and implement local programs to comply with the radiation protection requirements at the site/facility level.
- d. Discuss methods of meeting the key requirements in Subpart A (General Provisions). Include:
  - Scope and exclusions
  - Definitions
  - Radiological units
- e. Discuss methods of meeting the key requirements in Subpart B (Radiation Protection Programs) based upon the guidance in the Radiation Protection Program Implementation Guide and the Occupational ALARA Program Implementation Guide, including:
  - Radiation Protection Program
  - Internal audits
- f. Discuss methods of meeting the key requirements in 10 CFR 835, Subpart C (Standards for Internal and External Exposure) based upon the guidance in the Internal Dosimetry Program Implementation Guide, the External Dosimetry Program Implementation Guide, the Radiation-Generating Devices Implementation Guide, and the Evaluation and Control of Fetal Exposure Implementation Guide, including:
  - Occupational Limits for general employees
  - Combining internal and external dose equivalents resulting from DOE

- activities
- Determination of compliance for non-uniform exposure of the skin
- Limits for the embryo/fetus
- Limits for members of the public and minors entering a controlled area
- Concentrations of radioactive materials in air
- g. Discuss methods of meeting the key requirements in 10 CFR 835, Subpart E (Monitoring in the Workplace) based upon guidance in the External Dosimetry Program Implementation Guide, the Internal Dosimetry Program Implementation Guide, the Evaluation and Control of Fetal Exposure Implementation Guide, the Instrument Calibration for Portable Survey Instruments Implementation Guide and the Workplace Air Monitoring Implementation Guide, including:
  - General monitoring requirements
  - Individual monitoring
  - Area monitoring
  - Radioactive contamination control and monitoring
- h. Discuss methods of meeting the key requirements in 10 CFR 835, Subpart F (Entry Control Program), including:
  - Radiological Areas
  - High and very high radiation areas
- Discuss methods of meeting the key requirements in 10 CFR 835, Subpart G
  (Posting and Labeling) based upon the guidance in the Posting and Labeling for
  Radiological Control Implementation Guide, including:
  - General posting and labeling requirements
  - Controlled areas
  - Radiological areas
- j. Discuss methods of meeting the key requirements in 10 CFR 835, Subpart H (Records) based upon the guidance in the Occupational Radiation Protection Record-Keeping and Reporting Implementation Guide, including:
  - Individual monitoring records
  - Monitoring and workplace records
  - Administrative records
- k. Discuss methods of meeting the key requirements in 10 CFR 835, Subpart I (Reports to Individuals) based upon the guidance in the Occupational Radiation Protection Record-Keeping and Reporting Implementation Guide, including:
  - Annual Dose Report to Monitored Individuals
  - Termination Report
- Discuss methods of meeting the key requirements in 10 CFR 835, Subpart J (Radiation Safety Training) based upon the guidance in the Radiation Safety Training Implementation Guide, including:
  - General employee training
  - Radiological worker training
  - Radiological control technician training
  - Other core training relevant to the employee's job
- m. Discuss methods of meeting the key requirements in 10 CFR 835, Subpart K

(Design and Control) based upon the guidance in the Occupational ALARA Program Implementation Guide, including:

- Design features, administrative controls and procedural requirements
- Facility design and modification
- Control features
- n. Discuss methods of meeting the key requirements in 10 CFR 835, Subpart L (Releases of Materials and equipment from Radiological Areas).
- o. Discuss methods of meeting the key requirements in 10 CFR 835, Subpart N (Accidents and Emergencies), including:
  - General provisions
  - Emergency exposure situations
  - Nuclear accident dosimetry
- p. Discuss methods of meeting the key requirements on Administrative Control Levels, Work Authorizations, Radiation Safety Training, Posting, and Control of Sealed Radioactive Sources. Use the guidance in the Sealed Radioactive Source Accountability Implementation Guide to support the discussion on sealed source accountability.
- q. Explain how the Radiation Control Technical Positions, 10 CFR 835 exemption decisions, and official interpretations of 10 CFR 835 are used to adapt the radiation protection requirements to unique conditions at DOE sites and facilities.
- 2.2 Radiation protection personnel shall demonstrate a working level knowledge of the following Federal regulations, codes, policy, and Department of Energy (DOE)

  Orders, notices and standards related to radiation protection:
  - DOE P 450.2A, Identification, Implementation, and Compliance with Environmental. Safety and Health Requirements
  - DOE Order 5400.5, Radiation Protection of the Public and the Environment, or when promulgated, 10 CFR 834, Radiation Protection of the Public and the Environment and associated Implementation Guides
  - DOE Order 5480.4, Environmental Protection, Safety, and Health Protection Standards
  - DOE Order 232.1, Occurrence Reporting and Processing of Operations Information
  - DOE Order 5480.19, Conduct of Operations Requirements for DOE Facilities
  - DOE/EH-0256T, Department of Energy Radiological Control Manual

- a. Describe the relevant requirements, interrelationships and importance of the listed Orders, notices, codes, and regulations, guides, technical manual(s).
- b. Discuss the role of radiation protection personnel with respect to these Orders and regulations.
- c. Discuss how Conduct of Operations is applied to radiation protection activities.
- d. Discuss how the Radiological Control Manual is now applied (i.e., as a requirement or as a technical standard) in your Program, or at the site(s) or facility(s) for which you have responsibility.

- e. Discuss the following as they relate to occurrence reporting:
  - How soon after an event or condition is identified that it must be characterized.
  - Who must be notified at the facility where it occurred.
  - The two broad groups or conditions in which a health physicist would likely be involved in identifying the reportable event.
- 2.3 Radiation protection personnel shall demonstrate a familiarity level knowledge of the identification, reporting, investigation, and enforcement related to potential noncompliance with nuclear safety requirements.

- a. Describe the purpose and scope of the Price-Anderson Amendment Act.
- b. Discuss the Price-Anderson Amendment Act's applicability to the Department's nuclear safety activities.
- c. Discuss the purpose and scope of the current nuclear safety rules including:
  - 10 CFR 708, DOE Contractor Employee Protection Program
  - 10 CFR 820, Procedural Rules for DOE Nuclear Activities
  - 10 CFR 830, Nuclear Safety Management
- d. Discuss the Department's Enforcement Program including:
  - Identification and reporting of potential noncompliance with nuclear safety requirements
  - Roles and responsibilities of Department of Energy employees
- 2.4 Radiation protection personnel shall demonstrate a familiarity level knowledge of radioactive waste management.

- a. Discuss the Department's policy regarding the handling and management of waste as described in DOE Order 5820.2A, Radioactive Waste Management.
- b. Define the following terms:
  - Low level waste
  - High level waste
  - Transuranic waste
  - Mixed waste
- c. Discuss the Department's policies on waste management including:
  - Generation reduction
  - Segregation
  - Minimization
  - Pollution prevention
  - Disposal
- d. Discuss the process for determining whether or not waste is classified as mixed waste.

# 2.5 Radiation protection personnel shall demonstrate a working level knowledge of Department of Energy (DOE) Orders related to safety management.

#### Supporting Knowledge and/or Skills

- a. Describe the relevant requirements, purpose, interrelationships and importance of the following Orders to radiation protection activities:
  - DOE Order 5480.22, Technical Safety Requirements
  - DOE Order 5480.23, Nuclear Safety Analysis Reports
  - DOE Order 5480.24, Nuclear Criticality Safety
  - DOE Order 5481.1B, Safety Analysis and Review System
  - DOE Order 430.1, Life-Cycle Asset Management
- b. Discuss the role of radiation protection personnel with respect to the above listed Orders.
- c. Define the following safety management terms:
  - Authorization basis
  - Design basis
  - Safety limit
  - Administrative controls
- d. Define the following terms associated with nuclear criticality safety:
  - Criticality incident
  - Double contingency principle
  - Geometry control
  - Nuclear criticality safety
  - Significant quantity of fissionable material
  - Temporary exemption
- e. Describe the responsibilities of contractors (authorized to operate defense nuclear facilities) for the development and maintenance of a Nuclear Safety Analysis Report.
- f. Discuss the development and maintenance of site/facility safety management documents and procedures for modifications.
- 2.6 Radiation protection personnel shall demonstrate a familiarity level knowledge of Federal regulations and Department of Energy (DOE) Orders related to emergency planning and preparedness as they pertain to radiological incidents.

- a. Describe the relevant requirements, purpose, interrelationships and importance of the following Orders and regulation:
  - 29 CFR 1910.120, Hazardous Waste Operations and Emergency Response
  - DOE Order 151.1B, Comprehensive Emergency Management
  - DOE Order 5530.3, Radiological Assistance Program
  - DOE Order 5530.5, Federal Radiological Monitoring and Assessment Center

- b. Describe what is meant by an Operational Emergency.
- c. Describe how the following guides are used:
  - Protective Action Guide
  - Emergency Response Planning Guide
- d. Discuss the conditions that would require an operational emergency to be classified as an:
  - Alert
  - Site Area Emergency
  - General Emergency
- e. Discuss the role of radiation protection personnel with respect to the Orders and regulations in supporting knowledge and/or skill a.
- f. Discuss the emergency response assistance that is available from the following:
  - Nuclear Emergency Response Team
  - Accident Response Group
  - Aerial Measuring System
  - Atmospheric Release Advisory Capability
  - Federal Radiological Monitoring and Assessment Center
  - Radiation Emergency Assistance Center/Training Site
  - Radiological Assistance Program
- 2.7 Radiation protection personnel shall demonstrate a familiarity level knowledge of Department of Energy (DOE) Orders related to Federal and contractor personnel training and qualification.

- a. Describe in general the training and qualification requirements for contractors specified in DOE Order 5480.20A, Personnel Selection, Qualification and Training Requirements for DOE Nuclear Facilities.
- b. Describe the Technical Qualification Program for Federal employees delineated in DOE Order 360.1, Training.
- c. Discuss the purpose, scope, and application of DOE-STD-1107-97, Knowledge, Skills and Abilities for Key Radiation Protection Positions at DOE Facilities.
- 2.8 Radiation protection personnel shall demonstrate a working level knowledge of national and international radiation protection standards and recommendations.

- a. Discuss the content and application of the following national and international documents on radiation protection:
  - Radiation Protection Guidance to the Federal Agencies for Occupational Exposure (52 FR 2822)
  - Recommendations of the International Commission on Radiological Protection (ICRP), Publication 30

- Recommendations of the International Commission on Radiological Protection (ICRP), Publication 26
- 1990 Recommendations of the International Commission of Radiological Protection, Publication 60
- BEIR V Executive Summary
- Recommendations on Limits for Exposure to Ionizing Radiation, National Council on Radiological Protection, Report No. 91
- Limitation of Exposure to Ionizing Radiation, National Council on Radiation Protection, Report No. 116
- Practices for Respiratory Protection, American National Standards Institute (ANSI Z88.2-1992)
- b. Discuss how the above documents relate to Department of Energy (DOE) radiation protection requirements.
- 2.9 Radiation protection personnel shall demonstrate a familiarity level knowledge of the Federal regulations, guidelines, and Department of Energy (DOE) Orders pertaining to the decontamination and decommissioning of nuclear facilities.

- Discuss the application of the Department's Guidelines for Formerly Utilized Sites Remedial Action Program (FUSRAP) established in 1974 and the Surplus Facilities Management Program (SFMP) established in 1978.
- b. Discuss the role of radiation protection personnel with respect to the Radiological Guidelines for Application to the Department's Formerly Utilized Sites Remedial Action Program (ORO-831, March 1983).
- c. Discuss the contents, responsibilities, and requirements contained in DOE/EM-0246, Decommissioning Resource Manual.
- d. Discuss the contents of DOE/EM-0142P, Decommissioning Handbook.
- 2.10 Radiation protection personnel shall demonstrate a familiarity level knowledge of the standards and Department of Energy (DOE) Orders pertaining to the packaging and transportation of radioactive materials.

#### Supporting Knowledge and/or Skills

- a. Discuss the purpose and scope of the DOE Order 460.1A, Packaging and Transportation Safety.
- b. Describe the authorities and responsibilities of radiation protection personnel with respect to DOE Order 460.1A, Packaging and Transportation Safety.
- 2.11 Radiation protection personnel shall demonstrate a familiarity level knowledge of the Department's philosophy and approach to implementing Integrated Safety Management.

- a. Explain the objective of Integrated Safety Management.
- b. Discuss the following existing Department programs and initiatives that lead to successful implementation of Integrated Safety Management:

- Standards/Requirements Identification Documents (S/RIDs) and Work Smart Standards
- Contract reform and performance-based contracting
- Activities at Research and Development Laboratory related to safety management (i.e., pilot oversight program for line ES&H management.)
- Operational Readiness Reviews (ORR)
- c. Discuss the purpose, content, and application of DOE Policy 450.4, Safety Management System Policy.
- 2.12 Radiation protection personnel shall demonstrate a familiarity level knowledge of the Department's guidance for the structure, function, and operation of a radiation generating device (RGD) control program as discussed in Implementation Guide G-10 CFR 835/C3-Rev.2. Radiation Generating Devices.

- a. Describe the different types of radiation-generating devices that may be used at Department of Energy (DOE) facilities including:
  - X-ray machines
  - Accelerators
  - Irradiators
  - Radiography sources
- b. Using Implementation Guide G-10 CFR 835/C3 -Rev.2, Radiation Generating Devices, discuss the difference between an open beam and cabinet X-ray system and the different types of controls (design, equipment, and administrative) that can be used to prevent radiation exposure above DOE limits.
- c. Discuss possible exposure incidents (or ones that have actually happened in medicine, private industry, or at DOE facilities) as a result of improper practices with accelerators, irradiators, and radiography sources, or loss of control of sources.
- d. Discuss possible actions to control sources at DOE facilities, especially radiography sources brought on DOE sites by subcontractors who may be unaware of the site Radiation Protection Program (RPP) and 10 CFR 835, Occupational Radiation Protection, requirements.

#### 3. ADMINISTRATIVE

- NOTE: 1: When Department of Energy (DOE) directives are referenced in the Qualification Standard, the most recent revision should be used.
- 3.1 Radiation protection personnel shall demonstrate a familiarity level knowledge of contract management and administration of contractor organizations participating in the radiological protection programs.

Supporting Knowledge and/or Skills

- a. Discuss the key elements of typical contractual relationships between the Department of Energy and its contractors.
- b. Discuss the roles and responsibilities of radiation protection personnel with respect to the contract management and administration process.
- 3.2 Radiation protection personnel shall demonstrate a familiarity level knowledge of the general principles associated with project management.

- a. Discuss the purpose and requirements of the following DOE Orders on project management:
  - 4700.1, Project Management System
  - 430.1, Life Cycle Asset Management
- b. Discuss the radiation protection personnel responsibilities related to project management, administration, and coordination of the radiation protection programs.

#### 4. MANAGEMENT, ASSESSMENT, AND OVERSIGHT

- NOTE: 1: When Department of Energy (DOE) directives are referenced in the Qualification Standard, the most recent revision should be used.
- 4.1 Radiation protection personnel shall demonstrate a working level knowledge of assessment (compliance and performance) principles and techniques necessary to identify facility and program deficiencies, event precursors, potential systemic causes, corrective actions, and best practices.

#### Supporting Knowledge and/or Skills

- a. Describe the relevant aspects and process of compliance-based assessments versus performance-based assessments.
- b. Describe the elements of an inspection/assessment plan (investigation, fact-finding, validation, and reporting).
- c. Explain what is meant by an event precursor.
- d. Describe methods used to identify, develop, and group systemic deficiencies identified at the radiation protection program level and facility-specific level.
- e. Explain documentation requirements used for the assessment processes.
- f. Describe several performance indicators that would indicate the need to conduct a radiation protection audit.
- g. Describe the key elements of an assessment appraisal report.
- h. Explain methods used to select interview candidates and conduct interviews for the assessment process.
- i. Describe how corrective actions/recommendations are developed and communicated to line management.
- j. Describe administrative methods used to track and provide closure of identified deficiencies.
- 4.2 Radiation protection personnel shall demonstrate the ability to evaluate the adequacy of radiation protection programs against the requirements of regulations, Department of Energy (DOE) Orders and rules pertaining to radiation protection.

- a. Describe the scope, contents, development, review and approval process for a site's documented Radiation Protection Program as required by 10 CFR 835.101(a).
- b. Using the documents listed below, prepare an action plan which adequately outlines interviews and observations to be conducted, and details documents to review during an evaluation of contractor compliance with radiation protection requirements:
  - 10 CFR 835, Occupational Radiation Protection
  - Implementation Guidance for use with 10 CFR 835, Occupational

- Radiation Protection
- DOE N 441.2, Radiological Protection for DOE Activities
- DOE Order 5400.5, Radiation Protection of the Public and the Environment or 10 CFR 834, Radiation Protection of the Public and the Environment, when promulgated
- DOE Order 5480.19, Conduct of Operations Requirements for DOE Facilities
- DOE/EH-0256T, Department of Energy Radiological Control Manual (Current Revision)
- DOE Order 5480.4, Environmental Protection, Safety, and Health Protection Standards
- DOE Order 460.1A, Packaging and Transportation Safety
- c. Using an appropriate level of coverage, conduct an evaluation of contractor compliance with radiation protection requirements. During this evaluation, demonstrate the ability to properly conduct interviews, observations, and document reviews.
- d. Given data from an evaluation, analyze the results of the evaluation to determine contractor compliance or noncompliance with the requirements.
- e. Given the results from an analysis of contractor compliance or noncompliance, document the results and communicate the results to contractor and Department line management.

## 4.3 Radiation protection personnel shall demonstrate the ability to trend radiation protection-related information/data.

#### Supporting Knowledge and/or Skills

- a. Trend and analyze operations information and discuss its relationship to radiation protection activities.
- b. Given a list of performance indicators, determine what type of assessment should be performed and in what areas.
- c. Given DOE Order 231.1, Environment, Safety, and Health Reporting, discuss the key elements of the Order and provide examples of its application.
- d. Discuss the analysis and trending of radiological data available in the DOE Occupational Radiation Exposure Report or the Radiation Exposure Monitoring System (REMS) for the Department and contractor Employees (see Web site http://www.saic.com:80/home/doe\_rad/doe\_rad.htm for this information).

### 4.4 Radiation protection personnel shall demonstrate the ability to effectively communicate the hazards associated with exposure to ionizing radiation.

- a. Discuss the essential elements of effective hazard communication.
- b. Explain the health physicist's mission of protecting workers, the public, and the environment from unnecessary exposure to ionizing radiation.
- c. Describe how an explanation of the following can be used to effectively communicate hazard:

- Comparing occupational dose limits to natural background radiation
- Develop comparisons to commonly accepted hazards that puts radiation exposure at a site in perspective.
- d. Explain how excessive hazard avoidance can be dangerous, costly, and wasteful.
- e. Discuss other job related mortality statistics and how they compare with the risk of mortality from jobs which have occupational exposure to radiation.
- f. Explain how to use the following techniques in the context of radiation hazard communication:
  - Listening skills
  - Tone of voice
  - Body language, eye contact
  - Analogies, illustrations, demonstrations
  - Real-life experiences
- g. Participate in hazard communication activities with peers, Department management, or contractor personnel.

#### **EVALUATION REQUIREMENTS**

The following requirements shall be met to complete the Department-wide Radiation Protection Functional Area Qualification Standard. The evaluation process identified below serves as a measurement tool for assessing whether the participants have acquired the technical competencies outlined in this Standard.

- 1. Documented completion of the Department-wide General Technical Base Qualification Standard in accordance with the requirements contained in that standard.
- Documented completion of the competencies listed in this functional area qualification standard. Documentation of the successful completion of these competencies may be satisfied by a qualifying official using <u>any</u> of the following methods:
  - Documented evaluation of equivalencies
  - Written examination
  - Oral evaluation
  - Observation of performance

#### CONTINUING TRAINING AND PROFICIENCY REQUIREMENTS

Radiation protection personnel shall participate in an office/facility/position-specific program for continuing training and qualification that includes the following elements:

- 1. Technical education and/or training covering topics directly related to the duties and responsibilities of radiation protection personnel as determined by line management. This may include courses and/or training provided by:
  - Department of Energy
  - Other Government agencies
  - Outside vendors
  - Educational institutions
- 2. Training covering topics that address identified deficiencies in the knowledge and/or skill of radiation protection personnel.
- 3. Training in areas added to the Radiation Protection Functional Area Qualification Standard since initial qualification.
- 4. Specific continuing training requirements shall be documented in Individual Development Plans.
- 5. Association or interaction with professional health physics organizations such as the Health Physics Society, American Board of Health Physics, and the National Registry of Radiation Protection Technologists is encouraged.